

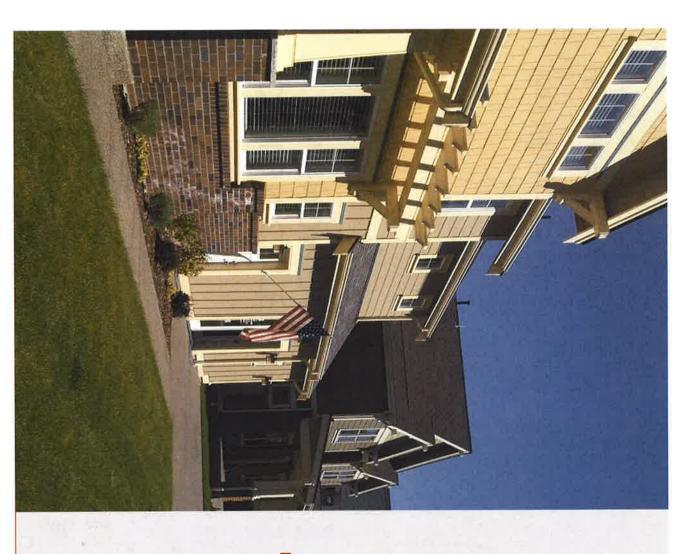
T H O M A S architecture studios

### DESIGN CRITERIA AMENDMENTS



**APRIL 8, 2019** HEARING EXAMINER REVIEW

The Village at Mill Pond



#### **DEVELOPER & OWNER**

#### ARCHITECT

#### CIVIL ENGINEER

### LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT

#### **2400 Lilly Road, LLC** Sukh Samra

#### **Thomas Architecture Studios** Ron Thomas, AlA

Amos Callender, AIA

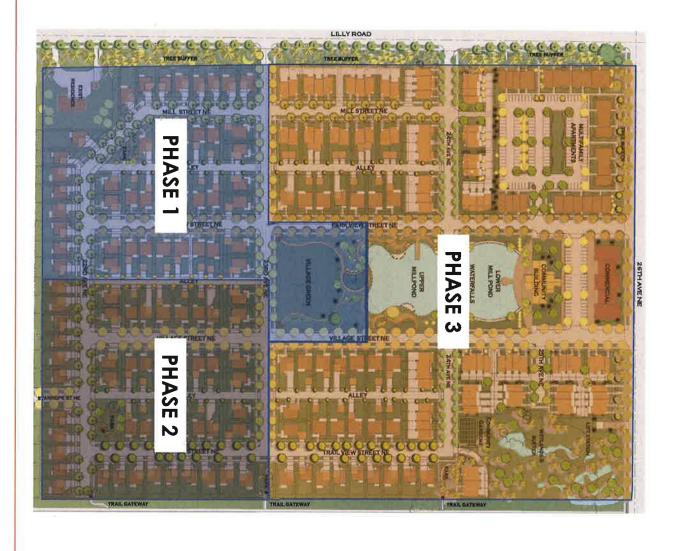
### Patrick Harron & Associates Chris Cramer, PE

Schwin Chaosilapakul, PE

### **SCJ Alliance**Jeff Glander, ASLA

Trent Grantham, ASLA







- The Village at Mill Pond Master Plan, prepared by Thomas Architecture Studios (TAS), was approved by the City of Olympia in 2011. This Master Plan included the design criteria, also prepared by TAS.
- buying market can afford. shown that the high level of quality called for in the design criteria is beyond a level that the local slow due to lower than anticipated demand (sales). Market analysis over these past 5 years has Construction on Phase I began in 2013. The pace of construction over the past 5+ years has been
- The developer is looking for ways to deliver the same quality product but find areas where construction costs can be reduced to a level that is more palatable to the local buying market.
- Phase II and III which include the commercial, retail, townhomes and multi-family aspects that are The design criteria amendments being requested at this time would allow the developer more market demand. Moving forward with these changes would help expedite the development of flexibility and ability to continue building a product that would more closely match the current part of the mixed-use fabric of Neighborhood Villages.
- If we raised the bar too high from the very beginning, adjustments need to be made. The overall success of the Neighborhood Village is more important than maintaining a damaging high commitment beyond what the market can afford
- recommended by the City; however, for the developer to succeed it is critical that ALL of these TAS has worked with the City to develop these amendments. The City made its recommendations amendments be considered for approval. Approval of only some of the more 'simpler amendments will not provide for the significant changes needed to sustain this development to the Design Review Board. The DRB, for the most part, accepted the amendments as



# AMENDMENTS TO MILL POND DESIGN CRITERIA

NO LONGER PURSUING THE REQUESTED CHANGES TO THIS DESIGN CRITERIA







### LOCATION | Associated Front and Side-Street Landscaping

#### Requirements

Develop landscape in layers. Low at street level and then **Provide low landscaping near sidewalks**, foundation plantings at foundation, with **and** specimen trees as intermediate layer.

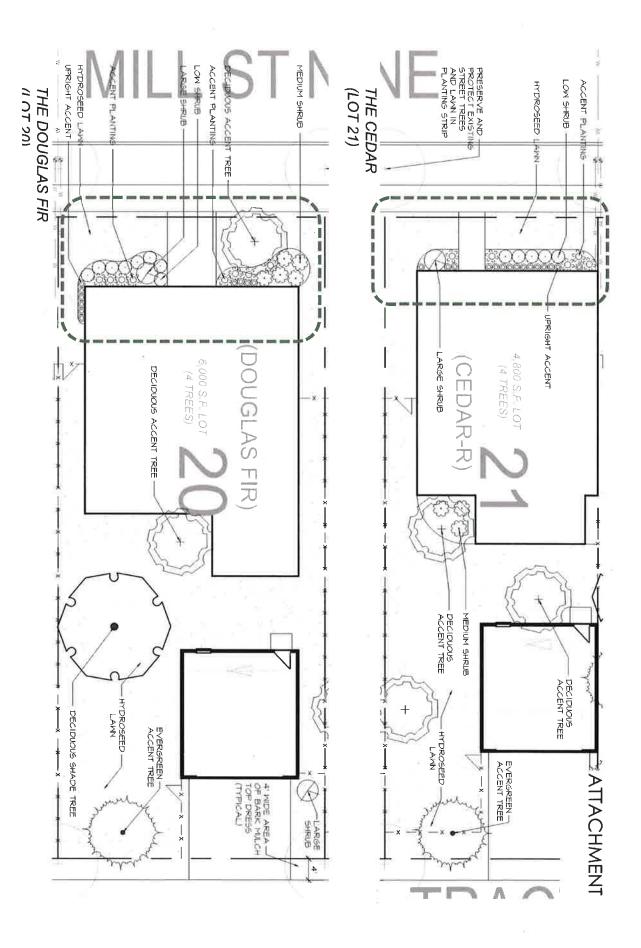
#### **Detailed Description:**

This amendment clarifies the location for plantings. The intent is not to require plantings to line the entire length of the street; it is simply a criteria for size of plantings at each specific zone around the lot.

Amendment removed for lack of clarity. The current landscape plans approved by the City are already in compliance and there is no anticipated change to these designs.

NO LONGER PURSUING THIS AMENDMENT









# AMENDMENTS TO MILL POND DESIGN CRITERIA

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL BY DESIGN REVIEW BOARD



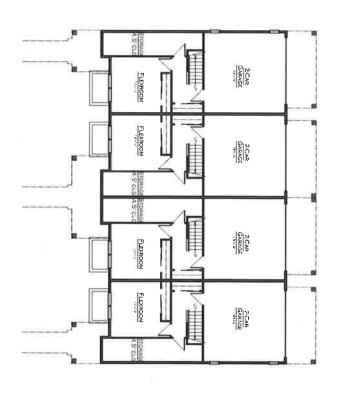
## **LOCATION** | Elevations and Models

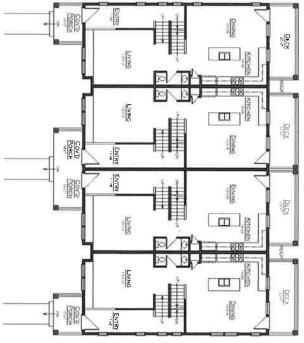
#### ntent

Homes should have significant variations in the floor plans, which allows for variety in the massing of the home, with the exception that townhomes may have the same floor plan within each building.

#### **Detailed Description:**

This is a clarifying addition to the design criteria. Currently duplex, triplex & quadruplex style townhomes are part of the master plan development. Each unit within the townhome buildings will be repeated which allows for consistency in exterior appearance, economy in construction, and clarity in design. The goal of providing variety in buildings & units is maintained through compliance with other design guidelines for this development.









### **LOCATION | Materials**

#### Requirements

following techniques shall be used: To ensure a variety of appropriate materials, the

chimney. such as aligning with a window edge or Any vertical changes in materials in a an internal corner or a logical transition inches. The material change shall occur at shall wrap the corners no less than 24 vertical wall, such as from brick to wood,

#### **Detailed Description:**

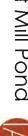
each side of the house. eliminating awkward outside corne should be removed. The intent of providing The term 'logical transition' is subjective and long as materials return at least 24" along nicer materials along the front façade while transitions in materials would be achieved as





building material 24" Side Return on

EXSITING CONDITIONS WHERE MATERIALS RETURN AT LEAST 24" ALONG EACH SIDE OF THE HOUSE



### **LOCATION** | Entrances to Homes

#### Requirements

 Front doors shall be made of vertical grain fir (finished to allow natural wood to show) or insulated fiberglass with a wood texture and painted finish; all other doors shall be made of wood, insulated fiberglass, or insulated metal.

#### **Detailed Description:**

Garage doors already include the use of fiberglass in required criteria so this addition would be consistent with the current design criteria for the Village at Mill Pond. Garage doors may be wood, insulated fiberglass, or insulated metal.

- Painted fiberglass doors add to variety and color within the development.
- Fiberglass doors are more durable and have a longer-lasting finish.
- Fiberglass doors provide a similar look and appearance to wood doors.



SOLID WOOD DOOR



PAINTED FIBERGLASS DOOR



**EXISTING WOOD DOOR** 



PAINTED FIBERGLASS DOOR





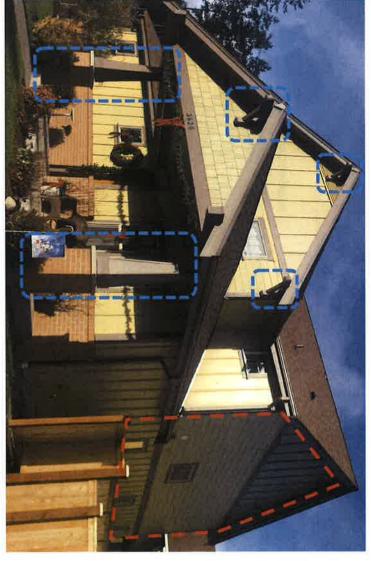
### LOCATION | Architecture Details & Features

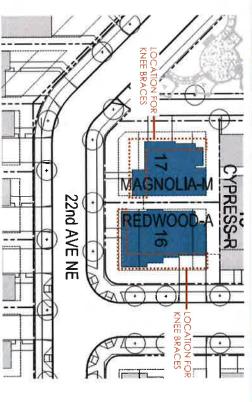
#### Requirements

At least two of the following features will be used at the front of the house and at each street facing or public open space facade: (a) Shutters,
 (b) Flower Boxes, (c) Knee Braces,
 (d) Columns

#### Detailed Description:

Clarifying extent of architectural detail does not extend to sides or back of house, which have little to no visibility from the street. This addition to the criteria still achieves the cohesive 'feel' of the development and meets the intent. Houses on corner lots or adjacent to public open spaces would still need to meet this requirement.





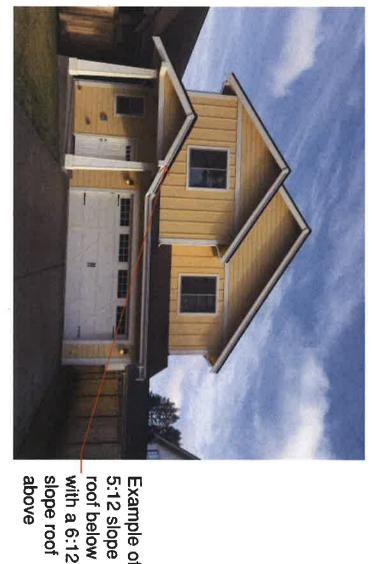
### LOCATION | Roofs

#### Requirements

Secondary roof pitch 5:12 slope. or public open space can be pitch that does not face street perpendicular to primary roof

#### **Detailed Description**

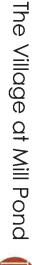
By adding this criteria, secondary public areas. allowed to face the street or open primary slope and would not be perpendicular (90 degrees) to the variety in massing allow for flexibility single-family homes could be of a roof slopes at rear or side of the layouts. These slopes would be to adjust to various floorplan lower slope to accommodate



(NON-STREET FACING)

slope roof above

roof below 5:12 slope Example of



# AMENDMENTS TO MILL POND DESIGN CRITERIA

WITH AMENDMENTS & CONCURRENCE OF APPLICANT APPROVED BY DESIGN REVIEW BOARD



### LOCATION | Materials

**BRICK ACTS AS** 

#### Requirements

 Any horizontal transition in material on a wall surface, such as shingle to lap siding, shall have a material separation, such as trim band board. Brick or cultured stone are considered a material separation. Trim band boards are not required at horizontal brick or stone transition.

#### **Detailed Description:**

Brick and stone are materials that further enhance the appearance of the home; their nature and thickness allow them to act as a transition piece without the need for trim board. The 2-3 inches in material thickness provide a variety in depth and provide a break in the surface plane of the exterior elevation eliminating the need for a material change trim board



### DRB APPROVES OF THIS AMENDMENT

With added language requiring a ledge or cap on the brick or cultured stone to provide a transition







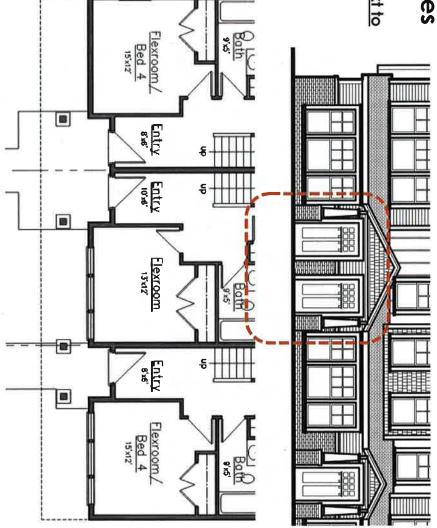
### **LOCATION | Entrances to Homes**

#### Requirements

 Townhome entry doors may be located next to each other.

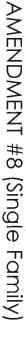
#### **Detailed Description:**

There is no minimum separation distance requirement between entry doors at townhomes. With 2-4 unit townhome style buildings, the need for entry doors to be located next to each other becomes imperative to maintain symmetry and balance in the elevations.



### DRB APPROVES OF THIS AMENDMENT

With added language that doors must be offset or a divider between the doors such as a railing is provided to enhance a sense of privacy







### **LOCATION** | Entrances to Homes

#### Requirements

- Overhead garage doors shall be paneled, theme. that's consistent with Craftsman Bungalow must have inset windows and shall be in style
- Overhead garage doors may be wood, insulated fiberglass, or insulated metal.

#### **Detailed Description:**

tor <u>overhead</u> garage doors. design criteria. This requirement is This is a clarifying addition to the





**ENTRY DOOR** 

## DRB APPROVES OF THIS AMENDMENT

the home if the door is visible from the street With added language that requires garage doors (that are not overhead doors) to be paneled and in character with

AMENDMENT #9 (Single Family)

The Village at Mill Pond



### LOCATION | Primary Windows

#### Requirements

 Windows that are wider than tall are allowed when the following mullion divides and proportions are used which make the windows look taller than wide;

FET ELEVATION

- A wide center vertical meeting stile in conjunction with:
- A wide (2" minimum) horizontal muntin at the mid-point of the window to create an upper and lower portion, and;
- Narrow grid divides in the upper portion.

EXISTING CONDITION

PROPOSED REVISION

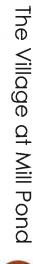
EXAMPLE OF WINDOW THAT ARE WIDER THAN TALLER

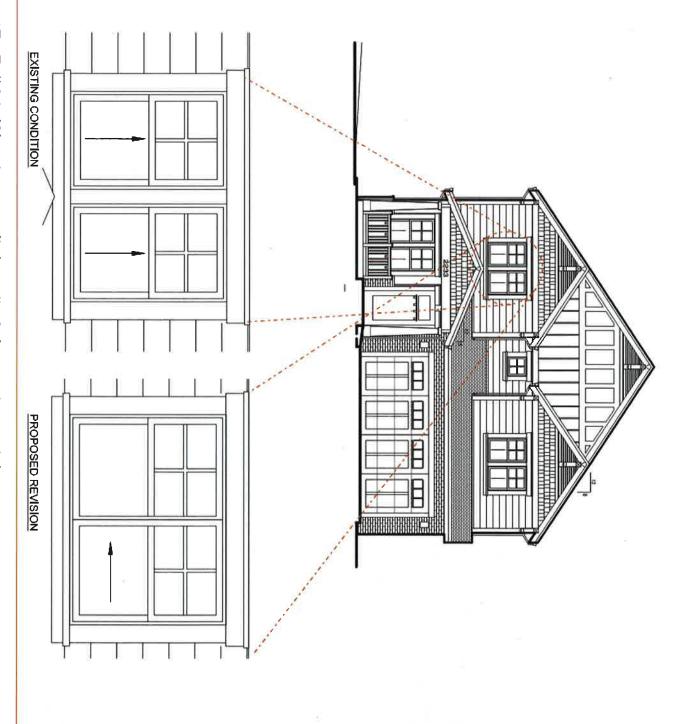
#### **Detailed Description:**

This provides greater flexibility and still maintains the design intent of the above criteria.

### DRB APPROVES OF THIS AMENDMENT

With added language that the proposed change applies to windows not facing a street or open space area







### LOCATION | Primary Windows

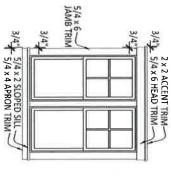
#### Requirements

Windows shall have trim on all four sides. Trim must be appropriate to the architectural character. Windows shall be either recessed or protruding (such as a bay window). Windows not facing the front or street may be 'picture framed' with same size trim piece around all four sides.

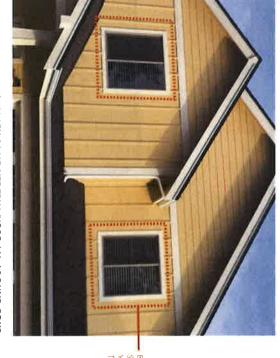
#### **Detailed Description:**

Removal of unclear sentence. This implies all models to get bay window. Windows will be trimmed out on all four sides and installed in plane with wall.

See attachment 12-A Window Trim for example of how this criteria is addressed in existing site.



Front Elevation



PICTURE FRAMED WINDOW WITH SAME SIZE TRIM PIECE ALL AROUND FOUR SIDES, WHEN WINDOWS ARE NOT FACING FRONT OR STREET

### DRB APPROVES OF THIS AMENDMENT

As modified by the board to retain the portion of the sentence: "Windows shall be either recessed or protruding." Remove "(such as bay windows)" from the sentence.





### LOCATION | Associated Front and Street-Side Landscaping

#### Requirements

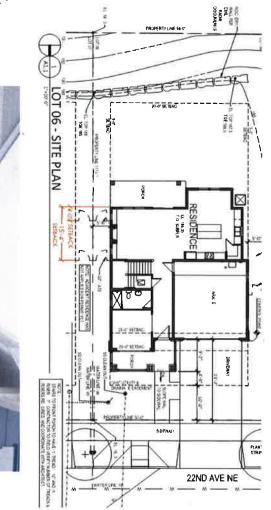
Rear and side yard fencing (4 to 6 ft in height) shall be of a consistent design throughout. Side yard fencing shall be set back at least 4' 20' from front of home.

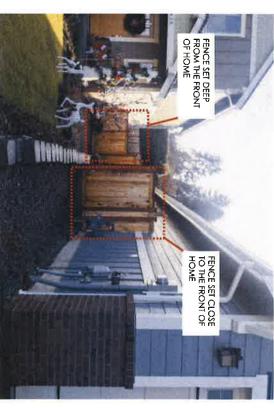
#### **Detailed Description:**

A fence setback of 4' provides a more reasonable side yard, engages the street better, and establishes a tiered level of security from:

- Public: street & sidewalk
- Semi-public: front yard
- Semi-private: porch & side lawn before fence
- Private: back yard and side yard behind fence

The 20' setback is too deep for proper Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED). By reducing the distance between the front of the house and the fence, the safety of the property is increased.





### DRB APPROVES OF THIS AMENDMENT

With added language stating that fences constructed closer than 20 feet from the front of the home shall be offset from a neighboring side yard fence at a minimum distance of 2 feet.

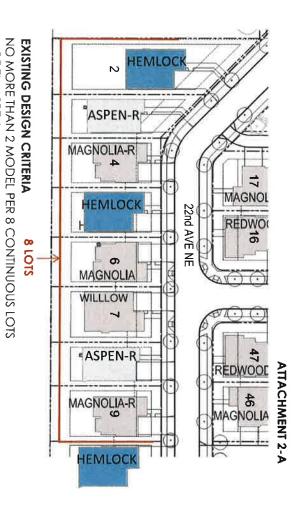


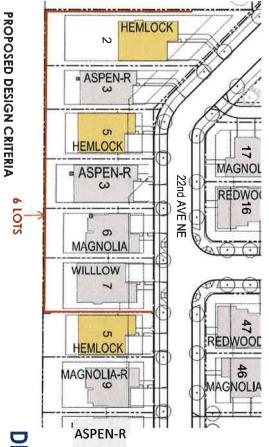


# AMENDMENTS TO MILL POND DESIGN CRITERIA

NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVED BY DESIGN AND REQUIRE FURTHER REVIEW WITH HEARINGS EXAMINER **REVIEW BOARD** 







## **LOCATION** | Elevations and Models

#### Requirements

No more than two of the same model and elevation will be built within six continuous lots. within eight contiguous lots.

#### **Detailed Description:**

There are currently **18** different single-family model options to choose from at the Village at Mill Pond. The current 2 per 8 contiguous lot requirements does not provide for flexibility in market demand. Inevitably, there are certain models that are more popular among prospective home buyers. Revising the contiguous requirement from 8 to 6 would create more options for development and accommodate pre-selling lots with a desired model type that is contrary to the original layout.

MODEL: ASPEN

DRB DOES NOT APPROVE OF THIS AMENDMENT

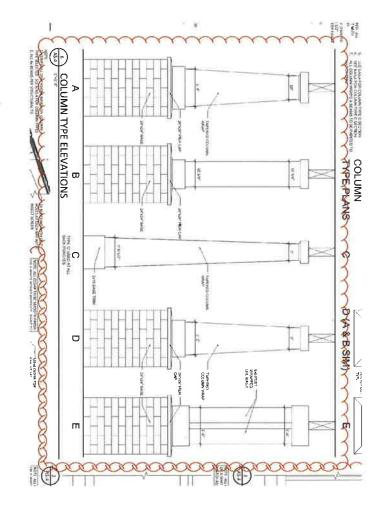
AMENDMENT #2 (Single Family)

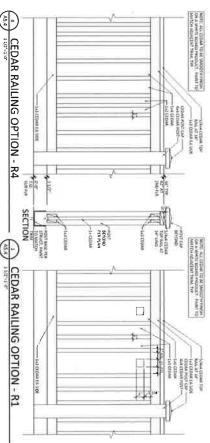
NO MORE THAN 2 MODEL PER 6 CONTINUOUS LOTS

MODEL: HEMLOCK









## LOCATION | Elevations and Models

#### Requirements

Each model will have at least 2 different massing solutions and a variety of color schemes.

#### **Detailed Description:**

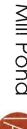
The variety of massing solutions is achieved by the 18 different single family home model types throughout the development.

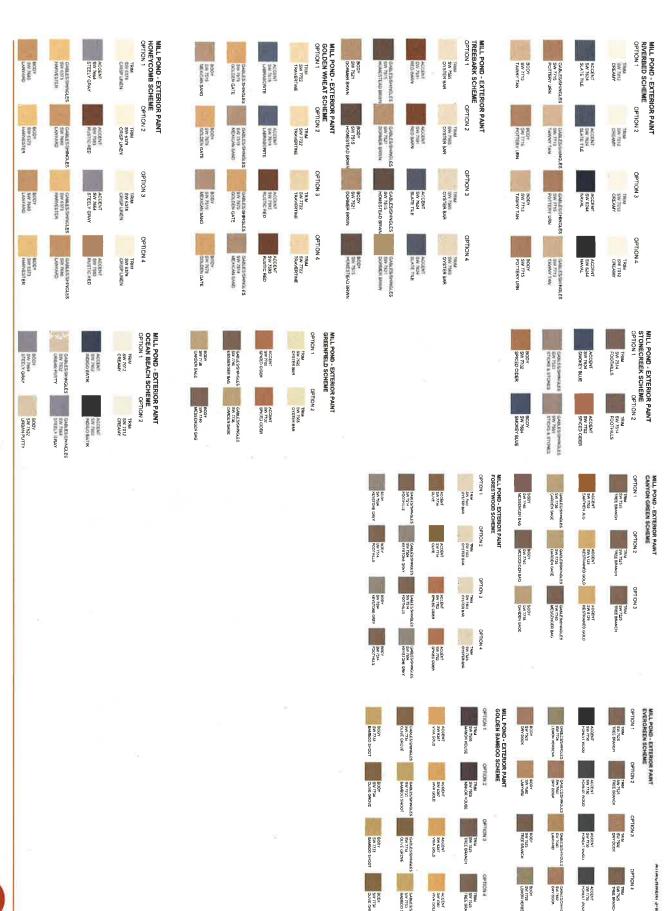
By utilizing a combination of 5 different column types, 4 different railing types, and 11 different exterior paint schemes (with 2-4 sub-schemes), the odds of two homes matching within the development are extremely low.

If this criteria were to remain, then there is a potential for now **36 different** single family unit types within the development which would far exceed what is currently built here in Olympia.

Hemlock, Elm, Holly, Cypress, Walnut, Cedar, Ash, Juniper, Cherry, Laurel, Douglas Fir, Sycamore, Oak, Magnolia, Chestnut, Linden, Willow, Redwood

DRB DOES NOT APPROVE OF THIS AMENDMENT





SW 7726 SW 7778

ACCENT SW 8367 VIVA GOLD

TRIM SW 7525 TREE BRANCE

SW 7807 DHY DOCK

ACCENT SW 7730 HOREST WOULD

TRIM SW 7525 THEE BRANCH

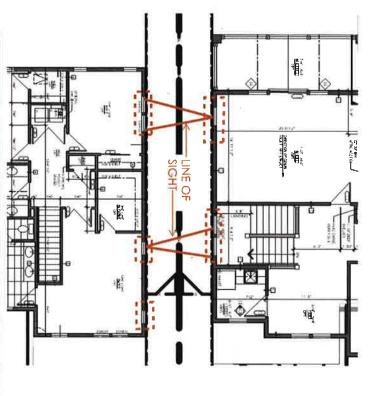
AMENDMENT #3 (Single Family)

The Village at Mill Pond











### LOCATION | Building Placement

#### Requirements

Side windows shall be located so as not to be directly in line with a neighbor's side window.

#### **Detailed Description:**

Restricted by:

- Windows not in line with neighbors' side windows
- Minimum and maximum front and rear yard setbacks
- 3' offset requirement from face of adjacent home
- Unique window locations within each model

Window coverings are installed at other Neighborhood Village (Woodbury Crossing) to address privacy concerns.

## DRB DOES NOT APPROVE OF THIS AMENDMENT





### **LOCATION** | Primary Windows

#### *equirements*

 Provide relief, detail, and variation on the façade by utilizing well-proportioned openings that are designed to create shade and shadow detail.

#### **Detailed Description:**

The term 'well proportioned' is subjective in nature and needs to be removed for clarity.

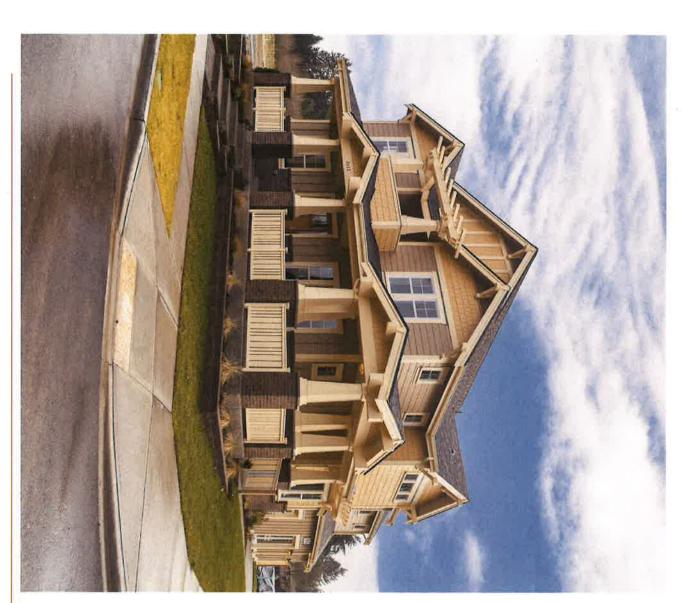
Shade and shadow detail is achieved by the requirement to utilize different materials on the elevation that provide relief in the elevation plane create depth, and generate shadow lines.

The terms, 'relief', 'detail', and 'variation' address what the second part of the design criteria is indicating and should be removed to eliminate confusion and redundancy.

Overall window proportions are addressed in a separate criteria (see Amendment #11).

DRB DOES NOT APPROVE OF THIS AMENDMENT







AMOS CALLENDER, AIA
Project Manager
Thomas Architecture Studios
525 Columbia Street SW
Olympia, WA 98501
360.915.8775



**TIM SMITH**Principal Planner
City of Olympia
601 4<sup>th</sup> Avenue E
Olympia, WA 98501
360.570.3768

