ParksPublic Health, Arts, Parks and Recreation



Extraordinary parks, arts and recreation provide opportunities for meaningful life < experiences.

What Olympia Values:

Olympians value the role parks, open space, recreation and art play in our lives;<u></u>. <u>as t</u><u>T</u>hese contribute to our sense of community; and to our physical, <u>spiritualemotional, environmental</u> and <u>emotionaleconomic</u> well-being. Our Vision for the Future:

A healthy, fun<u>, welcoming, safe</u> and enriching place to live<u>for all Olympians</u>.

Read more in the Community Values and Vision chapter

Introduction

Olympia's great parks, vibrant arts community, and many recreation and enrichment programs <u>enrich-enhance</u> our lives and strengthen our connection to the community. Public gathering places, whether a small pocket park or large playfield satisfy our need to join with others in the community. One only has to walk to a neighborhood park, search for a new skill to learn, or catch the latest downtown Arts Walkevent such as Arts Walk to experience <u>our welcoming</u> <u>communitythis</u>. The City, community groups, volunteers, and businesses all play a vital role in shaping parks, arts₇ and recreation. These facilities, <u>events</u> and programs improve people's quality of life, promote active lifestyles, create a sense of place and contribute to the local economy. The City of Olympia takes an active role, when appropriate, in influencing regional health policy where it relates to Olympians. **Commented [SN1]:** Required add: urban forestry canopy survey Optional add: Big "W" trail ArCH, Creative District, Inspire Olympia Goals & Policies?

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Commented [SN2]: Based on survey comments

Commented [SN3]: Heard the public want inclusive and safe in the vision. Added "welcoming" and "for all Olympians"

Commented [SN4R3]: 01/05 public comment to add the word "safe"

Commented [SN5]: Public comment to not call out "Arts Walk" specifically.

Commented [SN6R5]: 1/5 public comment to add Arts Walk as an example of our welcoming community.

Parks, Arts and Recreation Programs and Facilities

Parks and recreation programs enrich the community by supporting a healthy well-balanced community. support healthy lives, and those healthy individuals and families help sustain a healthy community. City programs offer opportunities to exercise, learn a new skill, and connect with nature, reduce stress, as well as support personal growth and emotional well-being.

Some recreational amenities are regional in nature and a regional approach to their implementation can be effective. <u>TheAs it developed this plan, the</u> City <u>looks</u>looked at opportunities for coordinating with other local and regional governments to develop more parks and <u>recreation</u> facilities. For example, community parks lend themselves to a regional approach, particularly if a potential site is located near a border with Lacey, Tumwater, or Thurston County. Other regional efforts could include an Art Center, a expanding the regional trail network, recreational programming, an aquatics center, or even an <u>urban agriculture park ice skating rink or swimming pool</u>. The City will continue to explore these opportunities.

Over the next 20 years, Olympia will face the following challenges in Parks, Arts and Recreation:

Public Needs to Feel Safe and Secure in Parks and Facilities
While strategies enacted since the last plan have been effective in
reducing the incidence of unsafe behavior in parks, facilities and services,
there is still work to do to create a welcoming environment where all
visitors feel safe and that they belong.

Climate Change Impacts and Action

Climate change is impacting Olympia's parks and recreation activities. From sea level rise to frequent extreme weather events, we must mitigate these impacts and build a climate resilient parks system that will serve generations to come. As the City updates the Percival Landing Master Plan, design for sea level rise will be addressed. In 2022 the City's Urban Forestry Program hired a consultant to do an evaluation of tree canopy coverage for the entire City. This information will be used by parks to strategically and equitably maintain and enhance tree canopy coverage in parks throughout the City. The full evaluation and report can be found online olympiawa.gov/treecanopy **Commented [SN7]:** 1/5/24 public comment to reduce the number of times "healthy" is used in a single sentence. Suggested edit: **"Parks and Recreation programs aim to enrich the community in a manner that will support a healthy well-balanced community."**

Commented [SN8]: From updated Parks Plan. Public comments around connecting with nature were high value

Commented [SN9R8]: *also connecting with nature was a theme in recent survey on Engage

Commented [SN10]: Already in process of developing an Arts Center - so removed.

Commented [SN11]: Feasibility study has been in Parks Plan since 2016.

Commented [SN12]: Was in the 2022 Parks Plan for a feasibility study

Commented [SN13]: Already have a seasonal ice rink. Changed swimming pool to aquatics center.

Commented [SN14]: 1/22/24 Based on OPC comments to add context to Equity goal/policies.

Since Climate goals/policies are new, thought I'd move the climate challenges too. These challenges apply to all of PAR and set the stage for the goals and policies.

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• The Immediate Need to Undo Institutional Injustice in Parks, Arts and Recreation Services

Equity, inclusion and belonging needs to be centered in parks, arts and recreation. We recognize our equity journey will present challenges and we commit to the responsibility to face these challenges while building the capacity and accountability resources to embed equity, inclusion and belonging in our daily practices and decision making. We will continually analyze the political, economic, sociodemographic, technological, legal, and environmental challenges facing our work. This requires continually developing solutions and strategies for the challenges. A staff committee focused on equity, inclusion and belonging work meets regularly to analyze the challenges and develop solutions.

Olympia and its community members have changed since 2014 when the last Comprehensive Plan was updated. From an increase in population, to taking climate actions, to a renewed focus and commitment towards equity. These changes have great significance to the programs and facilities that we will provide during this planning period. The following goals and policies apply to all parks, arts and recreation programs, and facilities and will help guide Olympia toward achieving its vision over the next 20 years.

> GR1 Unique facilities, public art, events, and recreational programming encourage social interaction, foster <u>inclusive and</u> <u>collaborative</u> community building, and enhance the visual character and livability of Olympia.

PR1.1 Continue to provide extraordinary parks and community activitiesprograms that contribute to our high quality of life and attract tourism and private investment to Olympia.

PR1.2 <u>Design</u>Promote City parks, arts, and recreation <u>activities</u>programs and facilities so they are used and enjoyed by as many <u>residents</u>community members as possible.

PR1.3 Be responsive to emerging needs for <u>activities</u>programs, facilities, and community events.

GR2 The City leverages its investments in parks, arts and recreation programs and facilities.

PR2.1 Seek non-profit organization and community member partnerships, sponsorships, grants, and private donations for park and facility acquisition, development, operation, programming, and events.

Commented [SN16]: Added based on public comments of not knowing what the City is doing. Suggested by DEI manager.

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Commented [SN17]: Add inclusive to align with Parks Plan

Commented [SN18R17]: 1/5/24 Public comment to add the word "collaborative" after inclusive

Commented [SN19]: Based on Parks Plan update

PR2.2 Use creative problem-solving and cost-effective approaches to development, operations, and programming.

PR2.3 Continue the Joint Use Agreement, and other mutually beneficial partnerships, between the City and the Olympia School District to provide recreation facilities and programming for the community.

PR2.4 <u>Pursue</u>Seek opportunities to increase revenues generated by users of park facilities and concessions.

PR2.5 Search for opportunities for mixed-use facilities and public/private partnerships.



Figure 1: Indigenous Peoples' Day 2022 at Squaxin Park (renamed in 2022) featuring Squaxin Island Tribe members.

Cultural events, such as Indigenous Peoples' Day, celebrate and honor the people and traditions of our community.

The equity goals and policies were created to develop a culture of belonging and provide equitable services across the community. The first three policies are focused on departmental work we need to accomplish, while policies 11.4-11.6 are focused on public facing services we provide. The last two policies (PR11.7 & 11.8) apply to both the departmental and community facing services. Commented [SN20]: Update from Parks Plan

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GR 11 Olympia Parks, Arts and Recreation creates and manages places and programs where ALL people feel safe and are provided equitable access to engage in parks, arts, and recreation services.

PR 11.1 Develop an Equity, Inclusion, and Belonging Plan for the Department.

PR 11.2 Identify and address procedural, distributional, structural, and cultural inequities in the Department and the work that we do.

PR 11.3 Apply an equity analysis to the Department's demographic make-up and strategize proactive approaches to recruit a more diverse candidate pool when hiring. This will result in a team that is representative at all levels and reflects the community's demographics at a minimum. If it's not representative of the community at large, strategize proactive approaches to recruit a more diverse candidate pool when hiring.

PR 11.4 Conduct an equity analysis and utilize equity measures when prioritizing park development projects to target areas of highest need that lack accessible green spaces.

PR 11.5 Seek to reduce barriers to access and participation whenever possible.

PR 11.6 Equitable distribution of Parks, Arts and Recreation resources across the City and Urban Growth Area.

PR 11.7 Apply an equity analysis to all budget development and management decisions.

PR 11.8 Set performance metrics to hold us accountable toward reaching our goals.

GR 12 Olympia's park system is resilient and provides climate mitigation and adaptation benefits.

PR 12.1 Connect – an urban trail system to enable car-free transportation to parks and other resources.

PR 12.2 Cooling – <u>Restore and plant climate resilient vegetation and trees</u> utilizing scientific best practices. Maintain and support Olympia's street trees to help cool streets and neighborhoods. **Commented [SN23]:** Public Comment (KM 11/27) Perhaps this could be simpler such as - "Olympia Parks, Arts and Recreation manages places and programs where all people feel safe and are provided equitable access to engage in parks, arts and recreation services."

Commented [SN24R23]: I'd modify it to be : "Olympia Parks, Arts and Recreation creates and manages places and programs where all people feel safe and are provided equitable access to engage in parks, arts and recreation services."

Commented [SN25R23]: 1/19/24 Comments from PRAC about clarifying what goals and priorities are internal facing and what are external facing.

Rearranged the priorities to put them together based on internal or external. Also added a paragraph before the GR11 to provide context to these goals and policies.

Commented [SN26R23]: Added to PR11.5 "...that lack accessible green spaces"

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Commented [SN27]: Per PSE's comment about right tree/right place policy - adding clarification to goal.

Proposed change:

"Restore and plant climate resilient vegetation and trees utilizing scientific best practices. Maintain and support Olympia's street trees to help cool streets and neighborhoods."

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PR 12.3 Absorb – Conserve forested areas that provide carbon sequestration and use best practices for stormwater management.

PR 12.4 Protect – habitat, restore natural areas, manage shorelines, and plan for climate change impacts.

PR 12.5 Educate – about environmental stewardship and conservation including climate change impacts and solutions.

PR 12.6 Inspire – inspire community members to act by leading through example in environmental stewardship, visible changes in the way we do business and how we plan for the future.

Parks

There are <u>5352</u> parks and open spaces in the City of Olympia that give the communityus a variety of opportunities to enjoy the outdoors from hiking in Watershed Park, to keeping cool in the <u>sprayground at WoodruffHeritage</u> Park Fountain, to strolling along Percival Landing, to <u>enjoying a reuniongetting</u> married in the Rose Garden at <u>SquaxinPriest Point</u> Park. Despite the number of parks we have, however, there are still unmet needs, such as soccer fields, <u>neighborhood parks within a 10 minute walk of each resident, communitydog</u> parks, community gardens, bike and nature trails, and open space. For a complete inventory of all existing park, recreation and open space lands in Olympia see the <u>Parks, Arts and Recreation PlanParks, Arts and Recreation Plan</u>

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View Map – Olympia Area Parks and Trails

Over the next 20 years, Olympia will face a number of challenges <u>and</u> <u>opportunities as we workas it works</u> to meet the demand for parks and open space:

Funding for Large Capital Projects. Current funding is not adequate **to** complete the

Demand for New Parks and Arts Exceeds Resources

 Many new park projects in Olympia will each cost tens of millions of dollars. These "mega projects" include Percival Landing reconstruction, completing the final two phases of the Karen Fraser Woodland Trail, developing project and the Isthmus gateway, acquire and develop a 40-acre community park, and complete the West Bay Park and Trail, developing the Armory Creative Campus, and developing the Yelm Highway Community Park site... These are all multi million dollar projects. To help address funding gaps, the City will look for creative opportunities in grant funding, partnerships and phased development as well as debt servicing options.

- Acquiring Land for New Parks. As our population increases we will need more parks and open space to maintain the same level of service standards yet less land and fewer large parcels will be available.
- Maintaining an Aging Infrastructure. As Olympia's park infrastructure ages, it becomes more important, and more expensive, to maintain.

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Population Growth Creating Demand for New Park Land As our population increases, we will need more parks and open space to meet current service standards, yet less land and fewer large parcels are available. Staff will explore innovative solutions and continue to pursue land acquisition opportunities to meet future needs.

Maintaining the quality of Olympia's parks and recreation system

Level of Service Standards

The Parks and Recreation Plan:

Every six years, the City undertakes an extensive public outreach effort to update its <u>Parks</u>, <u>Arts and Recreation PlanParks</u>, <u>Arts and Recreation Plan</u> <u>Parks</u>, <u>During</u> this time, community members have an opportunity to share what they want from our park system, and our arts and recreation needs, which are used to update Olympia's park level of service standards. These standards <u>--- such as</u> the ratio of developed park land per 1,000 residents <u>--- along with an equity</u> <u>analysis</u>, are used to evaluate <u>and prioritize</u> the need to acquire more park land or build more recreation facilities.

The capital Facilities Plan:

The Capital Facilities PlanCapital Facilities Plan 22 describes how the City finances new park acquisition and development, which is funded by a variety of sources including the <u>Metropolitan Parks District</u>, the two percent private utility tax, park impact fees, Washington's State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) mitigation fees, grants and donations. While most of the park projects proposed in the <u>Parks, Arts and Recreation PlanParks, Arts and Recreation Plan</u> 22 already have identified funding sources, some <u>significant regional and large</u> projects do not.

Neighborhood Parks

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A-Neighborhood <u>Parks are typically</u>Park is usually a small playground and <u>areopen area</u> designed primarily for non-supervised, non-organized recreationrecreational activities. Facilities found in

neighborhood parks <u>A typical Neighborhood Park might might</u> include <u>items such</u> as playgrounds (for 2-12 year olds), a children's playground, a picnic <u>areas</u>, restrooms chelter, a restroom, and open grass areas for passive and active -use. <u>Amenities mayThese parks</u> also may-include <u>items such as</u> trails, tennis courts, basketball courts, skate courts, public art₇ and community gardens. <u>While</u> it is our goal to have a park within 1/2 mile (10-minute walk) of all residences, this does not

mean that the service area of neighborhood parks is limited to this radius. Since they each have Neighborhood Park is unique amenities, residents will often travel throughout the City to experience a variety of them, with 56% of our 2021 random sample survey respondents saying they were "very" or "somewhat" likely to travel across town to a neighborhood park... The service area for neighborhood parks Neighborhood Parks is thus the entire City and its Urban Growth Area. Urban Growth Area.





Neighborhood parks such as Lion's Margaret McKenny Park provide nearby places to be active.

There are currently <u>3026</u> Neighborhood Parks in Olympia totaling <u>8972</u> acres. For thereAs Olympia's population grows, some of our Neighborhood Parks are nearing capacity. To address this, the City estimates that it needs to <u>be a</u> <u>parkacquire ten additional Neighborhood Park sites totaling approximately 20</u> acres within a ½ mile (10-minute walking distance) to most Olympia residents, four new combination neighborhood park/open spaces will need to be acquired and seven neighborhood parks will need to be developed over the next 20-year planning horizon.20 years. This is also consistent with the goal expressed in the Parks, Arts and Recreation Plan © of having a neighborhood park within walking distance to most residences.

For more information on the Neighborhood Park standard see the <u>Parks, Arts and</u> <u>Recreation Plan</u> 𝔅</sup>.

Community Parks

Community Parks are <u>specifically</u> designed to serve <u>a large portion of</u> the larger community, <u>usually asand are either</u> athletic <u>field complexes</u> fields or sites <u>with</u> <u>other</u>

unique uses such as a waterfront or gardenthat have a special focus. Examples of special-use oriented community parks include Yashiro Japanese Garden and

Commented [SN35]: Updates are taken from the Parks Plan for this section

Athletic field Percival Landing. Olympia has not developed space can range from a single field at a new community park in to a multiple field complex. Large athletic field complexes are the last 40 years. most cost effective for efficient scheduling and maintenance. Though they Athletic field complexes are designed for organized activities and sports, although individual and family activities are also encouraged. They can vary in size, but ideally are large enough to accommodate at least four fields and supportingAthletic field complexes bring large groups together and require more facilities (,-such as parking, restrooms and parking) which allows for tournament play.picnic shelters. Olympia's three existing developed athletic field complexes are: LBA Park, Yauger Park and Stevens Field. In 2018, the City purchased the 83-acre Yelm Highway Community Park site and is currently in the process of developing a master plan for the site with hopes of developing the first phase of the park in 2025. Combined, these parks total 75 acres.

Other Community Parks may have a special focus, such as a waterfront, garden, or water feature. Some examples include the Heritage Park Fountain, Yashiro Japanese Garden, and Percival Landing. Formatted: Underline color: Custom Color(RGB(32,71,135))





Community parks add to Olympia's vitality (Percival Landing).

Olympia provides athletic fields through a combination of City parks and school fields. But there still is a need for additional rectangular fields. In recent years, soccer groups have been turned away and have used fields available in other jurisdictions. Some athletic fields have been so over-used that they cannot recover for the following season, which is leading to long-term deterioration. While the City will continue its efforts to acquire large parcels for future athletic field complexes, it recognizes that with very few large undeveloped parcels available, it may be necessary to meet the future athletic field need with single fields at multiple parks.

Community Parks can also can have special features such as off-leash dog areas, bicycle courses, freshwater swim beaches, waterfront access and community gardens. Based on community needs, Olympia will also need to add additional Community Park acreage to provide for these desired recreational amenities. For organized sports, it matters less where the player lives, but rather where a game is scheduled. Much like a transit system or library system that is "area-wide", Community Parks serve the entire Olympia urban growth area. Thus <u>T</u>the service area for Community Parks is defined as being all of Olympia and all of Olympia's urban growth area.

To meet both existing and future community park The City estimates that it needs, the Parks, Arts and Recreation Plan calls for acquisition of 20 to acquire an additional 84-acres of community park land, development of 52 acres of existing community park land, and upgrades and major maintenance to existing athletic fields. parks to meet the demand for Community Parks within 20 years.

Formatted: Underline color: Auto Formatted: Underline color: Auto Formatted: Underline color: Auto Formatted: Underline color: Custom Color(RGB(32,71,135)) Formatted: Underline color: Auto Commented [SN36]: Per staff recommendation to be more concise. Formatted: Underline color: Auto Formatted: Underline color: Custom Color(RGB(32,71,135)) For more information on the Community Park standard see the Parks, Arts and Recreation Plan a.

Open Space

Open space parks are Space is defined as primarily undeveloped land that is set aside for community members to enjoy nature and to protect the special natural character of Olympia's landscape. Open space areas provide an opportunity for the community to experience and connect with the flora, fauna and natural habitats in Olympia. They also provide important natural infrastructure that improves water and air quality, as well as provide climate benefits in the form of carbon sequestration and cooling. Open spaceIt may include, but is not limited to, trails; wetlands; wetland buffers; creek, stream or river corridors and aquatic habitat; marine shorelines; forested or upland wildlife areas; ravines, bluffs, or other geologically hazardous areas; prairies/meadows; and undeveloped areas within existing parks. The level and intensity of allowed public use is evaluated based on potential resource impacts. Trail development is typical. Some sites can be appropriate for more active recreational activities such as running or biking.to allow passive recreation such as nature observation and hiking is encouraged in these areas, except in cases where wildlife conservation is the primary function. Parking and trailhead facilities such as restrooms, information kiosks and environmental education facilities are also appropriate.

(Note that the term ""Open Space"" as used in this chapter has a more specific meaning than as used in the <u>Natural Environment</u> Chapter pursuant to RCW <u>36.70A.160</u> .



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Open spaces such as Mission Creek Nature Park provide opportunities to experience nature within the city.

Research has shown that residents are willing to travel across town looking for the special and unique features associated with one Open Space in particular. For instance, Watershed Park provides walking trails in a stream and wetland complex while <u>SquaxinPriest Point</u> Park provides saltwater beach access and old growth forests. <u>Much like a transit system or library system that is "area wide",</u> <u>Open Spaces serve the entire Olympia urban growth area. Thus Tthe service</u> area for Open Space is defined as being all of Olympia and all of Olympia's urban growth area.

Open Space and its amenities havehas a very high value to Olympia residents. In a series of <u>surveysneighborhood workshops</u> conducted for a recent update to the Parks, Arts and Recreation Plan, one of the most dominant themes was <u>access to</u> <u>nature</u>, "Buy open space <u>conservation/natural</u> areas, <u>hiking trails and multi-use</u> <u>paved trails</u>. <u>provide nearby access to nature</u>."

Fifteen313 acres of Open Space acquisition are proposed for the next 20 years. These acquisitions will meet the Open Space Level of Service Standard and will address the impact of projected population growth on the Open Space system. For more information on the Open Space standard see the <u>Parks, Arts and</u> <u>Recreation Plan</u> **Commented [SN39]:** Per staff recommendation to simplify (MS)

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The level of service standards outlined above, and the following goals and policies will guide Olympia's park system towards achieving its vision over the next 20 years.

Goals and Policies

GR3 A <u>vibrant</u>sustainable park system <u>that</u> meets <u>current and</u> <u>future</u> community recreation needs and Level of Service standards.

PR3.1 Provide parks in close proximity (within 1/2 mile) to all residents.

PR3.2 Ensure that Olympia's park system includes opportunities for <u>its</u> <u>residents</u>community members to experience nature and solitude as a healthy escape from the fast pace of urban life.

PR3.3 Preserve and enhance scenic views and significant historic sites within Olympia's park system.

PR3.4 Identify and acquire future park and open space sites <u>that will serve</u> residents in Olympia and itsin the <u>u</u>Urban <u>g</u>Growth <u>a</u>Area.

PR3.5 Beautify entry corridors to our City and our neighborhoods <u>through art</u> <u>installations</u>, giving priority to street beautification downtown and along Urban Corridors.

PR3.6 Continue to collect park impact fees within the Olympia City Limits and SEPA-based mitigation fees in the Olympia Urban Growth Areas so new development pays its fair share to the park and open space system based on its proportionate share of impact. Work with Thurston County to devise an alternative system for funding parks and open space in the unincorporated Urban Growth Area.

PR3.7 During development review, if consistent with park level of service standards or other needs, encourage developers to dedicate land for future parks, open space, and recreation facilities.

PR3.8 Develop parks or plazas near Urban Corridors.

GR4 An urban trails system interconnects parks, schools, neighborhoods, open spaces, historical settings, neighboring jurisdictions' trails systems, important public facilities, and employment centers via both on- and off-street trails. Formatted: Underline color: Auto

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PR4.1 Coordinate with adjacent jurisdictions and State agencies to build a regional trail network and coordinated trail signage program that is consistent with the <u>Thurston Regional Trails Plan</u> ¹/₂.

PR4.2 Use existing rail, utility, and unopened street rights-of-way, alleys, streams (where environmentally sound), and other corridors for urban trails.

PR4.3 Preserve unimproved public rights-of-way for important open space, greenway linkages, and trails.

PR4.4 Encourage walking, and bicycling and other non-vehicular access for recreation and transportation purposes by linking parks to multi-modalwalking routes, streets and trails in coordination with the Transportation Master Plan.

PR4.5 When located in areas where future trails are shown on the adopted map, ensure that new development provides appropriate pieces of the trail system using impact fees, the SEPA process, trail Right-of-Way dedication, or other means.

GR5 A lively public waterfront contributes to a vibrant Olympia.

PR5.1 <u>Pursue a phased approach to Complete</u> Percival Landing reconstruction and West Bay Park construction.

PR5.2 Encourage creation of a public shoreline trail as property north of West Bay Park is developed.

PR5.3 Develop a West Bay trail alignment that follows the shoreline and connects to Deschutes Parkway to the south.

PR5.4 Designate waterfront trails and important waterfront destinations as the <u>"</u>Olympia Waterfront Route" as outlined in the <u>Thurston Regional Trails Plan</u> and in this plan.

PR5.5 Encourage the acquisition of saltwater shoreline property and easements to create more public access to the waterfront.

PR5.6 Preserve street rights-of-way when they extend to shorelands and install signs that indicate public access.

PR5.7 Incorporate the Olympia Sea Level Rise Response Plan findings into future design for Percival Landing reconstruction and West Bay Park construction.

Commented [SN41]: Theme in public comments around non-vehicular access

Commented [SN42]: Per public comment provided to Transportation regarding Parks and Transportation consistency with goals and policies.

GR6 Olympia's parks, arts and recreation system investments are protected.

PR6.1 Continue to <u>improveimplement and refine</u> the <u>ParksCity wide</u> Asset Management Program <u>utilizing measurable data to ensure park infrastructure</u> <u>remains</u>make sure the City's public facilities remain</u> functional and safe for as long as they were designed for.

PR6.2 Establish a dedicated and sustainable funding source for maintaining City parks, landscape medians, roundabouts, entry corridors, street trees, City buildings, and other landscaped areas in street rights of way.

PR6.3 <u>Design, maintain, and operate facilities to prevent</u><u>Protect the City's</u> investment from damage by vandalism, encampments, and other misuse and encouragesin a manner that preserves the intended <u>usepurpose</u>.

PR6.4 Consider regional approaches to funding major recreational facilities, such as swimming pools, regional trails, art centers, and tournament-level athletic fields.

PR6.5 Establish a strategy for funding maintenance and operation of new park facilities before they are developed.

Arts<u>and Events</u>

Olympia is now home to an engaged population ofto approximately 2,500 individual artists and almost 100-arts organizations active in music, literary, performance, media and venues. Our resident artists are musicians, writers, actors, and visual arts.artists who are both nationally known and emerging. Olympia offershosts award-winning theater, ground breaking-music performances from indie to symphony, the Procession of the Species, and a strong visual, literary and performing arts community that ranges from emerginginformal artists to those with nationwide gallery representation. Both the Olympia Arts and Events program and the Olympia Arts Commission, a ninemember advisory board appointed by the City Council, have worked on behalf of the arts in our community for over 30 years. Because there are no other municipal Arts Commissions in neighboring jurisdictions, the City's programs benefit the arts regionally, while serving as a model for communities throughout Washington State.

With the recent voter approved initiative, Inspire Olympia, a portion of Olympia's sales tax is collected and utilized to contract with local non-profit organizations

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offering arts, sciences, heritage and cultural programs and experiences for the public in the City and Olympia School District. Inspire Olympia provides a reliable source of public funding that sustains a healthy, visible, welcoming and inclusive nonprofit cultural and science sector, making creative cultural experiences accessible for everyone in Olympia.



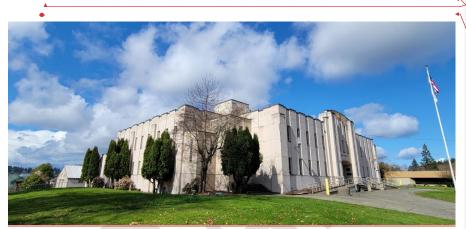


Arts Walk is <u>a belovedone of the largest public events in the</u> community <u>event in</u> <u>Olympia.and a source of civic spirit and pride.</u>

Over the next 20 years, Olympia will face two challenges:

 DevelopingCreating an Arts Center. In 1989, the City first identified a need for a regional arts center with exhibition space, working studios, and rehearsal space for regional artists. In 2021 the City of Olympia took ownership of the Olympia Armory building for the purpose of creating a community arts center. While funds have been identified to support the initial visioning, the City will likely need to debt service and fundraise a significant portion of the first phase of construction needed to make the building safe and accessible to the public.

• **Retaining Artists.** Social and economic factors such as cost of living, affordable housing, and stable economy may make it harder for Olympia to retain its artists.



The Armory building will soon be an arts center that supports diverse artists equitably.

Goals and Policies

GR7 Permanent and temporary public art is located in parks, sidewalks, <u>streets</u>, roundabouts, public buildings, alleys and other public spaces <u>and facilities</u>.

PR7.1 Include diverse works of art.

PR7.2 Ensure opportunities and participation by local, regional and national artists.

PR7.3 Use public art to create unique community places and visible landmarks.

PR7.4 Incorporate art into public spaces such as sidewalks, bridges, parking meters, tree grates, buildings, benches, bike racks and transit stops.

PR7.5 Encourage community participation at all levels of the public art process.

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PR7.6 Ensure our public art collection is regularly maintained so it retains its beauty and value.

PR7.7 Encourage art in vacant storefronts.

PR7.8 Encourage neighborhood art studios.

PR7.9 Support art installations that produce solar or wind generated energy.

PR7.10 Help artists, organizations and businesses identify possible locations in commercial areas for studios and exhibition space.

PR7.11 Encourage interactive/experiential art.**PR7.11** Establish an "art in city buildings" program that would host rotating art exhibits.

PR7.12 Consider opportunities for public art projects in response to current community issues.

GR8 Arts in Olympia are supported.

PR8.1 Pursue a regional community arts center at the historic Olympia Armory building.

PR8.2 Pursue affordable housing and studio/rehearsal space for artists, including support for, or participation in, establishing or constructing buildings or sections of buildings that provide living, work and gallery space exclusively for artists.

PR8.3 Encourage broad arts participation in the community.

PR8.4 Provide <u>affordable, and inclusive</u> opportunities for the public to learn about and engage in the art-making process.

PR8.5 Provide opportunities that highlight the talent of visual, literary and performing artists.

PR8.6 Provide technical support <u>and grant opportunities</u> to <u>arts and cultureart</u> organizations.

PR8.7 Support the Creative District Establish and promote a theater and entertainment district in downtown and Olympia's art economy in generalOlympia.

PR8.8 Create a range of opportunities for the public to interact with art; from small workshops to large community events.

PR8.9 Encourage early arts education opportunities.

Recreation

The City's recreation programs promote physical and mental well-being, bring community members together in a positive, supportive, and fun atmosphere, while creating and create, memorable experiences for individuals and families. The City offers traditional programs such as sports leagues, youth camps and clinics, and special interest classes. The City does adaptIt also responds to emerging recreational needs, and it is also important for other providers to supplement recreational opportunities interests, such as one department cannot realistically or sustainably meet the entireUltimate Frisbee league, high energy dance classes, and community demand.gardens.

Each year, approximately 400 teams participate in City sports leagues, more than 4,0500 community members take a leisure recreation class, and more than 14,5000 youth participate in camp programs. In addition to enhancing participants' wellness, people who participate in these programs also gain a sense of belonging, make great contributions and invest in their-to the community.

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Recreation Programs foster community health and wellness ("Kids Love Soccer" Program).

Olympia's recreation programs face the following challenges:

- Activating our Community. Our sSedentary lifestyles are contributing to health problems. The City must find places and programs that-<u>people can</u> easily access to become active, connect with fellow community members and encourage healthy lifestyles. can compete with the ease and simplicity of TV and computers for our time and attention
- Connecting with Nature. Our electronic toys and indoor jobs have created a culture is less connected to nature today than it was 20 years ago. If our residents are not connected to nature, it will become increasingly difficult for them to understand or embrace environmental stewardship.
- **An aging population that's ready for action:** Between 20210 and 20350, Olympia's senior population is projected to <u>nearly</u> double. But the seniors of the future are likely to be more active and adventurous than in prior generations. Olympia's recreation programs need to embrace this trend.

Goals and Policies

GR9 Olympians enjoy lifelong happiness and wellness.

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Both of these read as kind of judge-y to me. I'd suggest removing the language about technology altogether and instead saying something like:

Activating our Community: adults and children are less active now than they have been in the past, due to changes in our lifestyles. Making activity an easy thing to integrate into daily life is harder than it has been in the past.

Connecting to Nature: our culture is less connected to nature than it has been in the past. Connecting to the outdoors helps people understand and embrace the value of our natural surroundings.

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PR9.1 Provide opportunities that promote a mentally and physically active lifestyle and healthy food choices, including participation in local food production.

PR9.2 Provide programs and facilities that stimulate creative and competitive play for all ages.

PR9.3 Provide programs, facilities, and community events that support diverse self-expression.

PR9.4 Provide opportunities for bringing balance, relaxation, and lifelong learning into one's life.

PR9.5 Support recreation opportunities for people with physical and mental disabilities.

PR9.6 Provide opportunities for community youth to access healthy food options and community households to grow their own produce.

PR9.7 Provide opportunities for people to enjoy and connect with nature in Olympia's parks.

GR10 <u>Community members gather and Families</u> recreate together.

PR10.1 Enhance recreation opportunities for the Olympia area's physically and mentally disabled populations.

PR10.2 Provide recreational opportunities for all residents family structures.

PR10.23 Work towards providing recreation programs that are affordable and <u>/or</u>, available to all <u>Olympians</u>community members.

PR10.34 Provide parks and programs to serve people of all ages, and with many different abilities, and interests.

PR10.45 Develop programs and design park facilities that encourage activities people can do together regardless of their age or abilities.

PR10.56 Provide convenient, safe, active, outdoor recreation experiences suited for families.

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For More Information

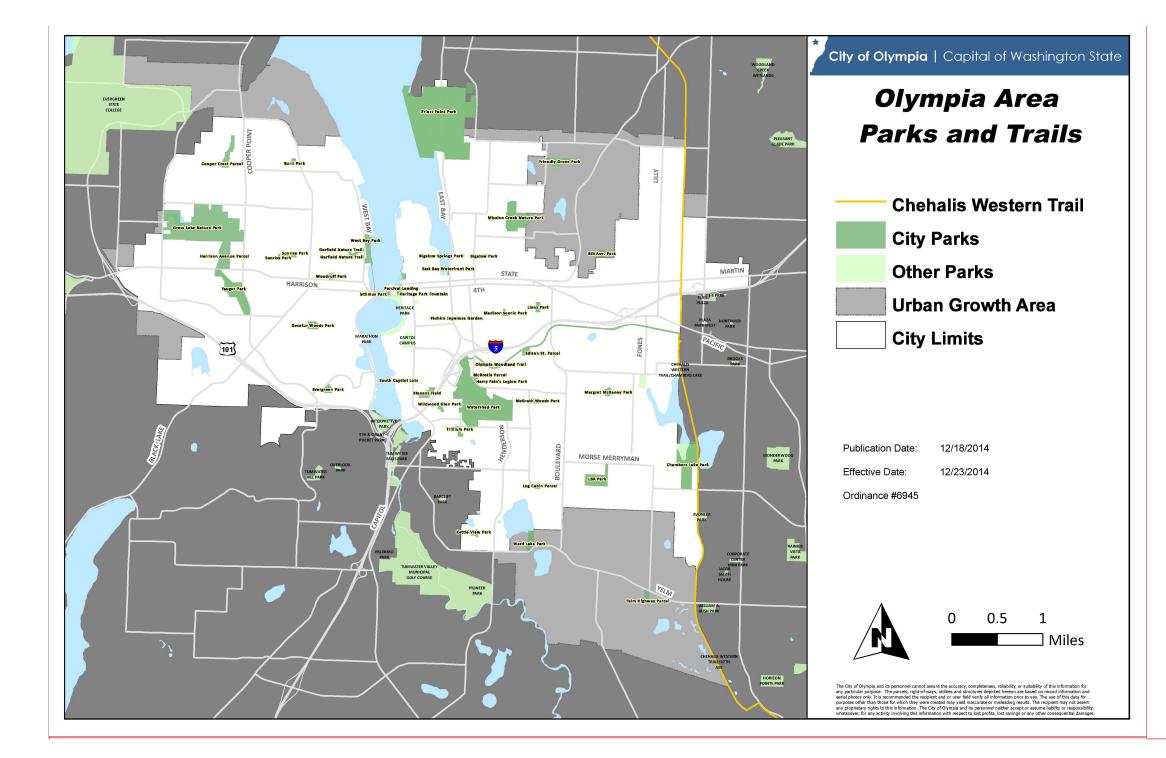
- Parks, Arts and Recreation Plan
- Olympia's <u>Capital Facilities Plan</u> ^I shows how park projects will be funded during a six year period
- For a complete list of all of Olympia's parks and trails, see <u>Parks and Trails</u>
- For a comprehensive look at regional trail planning, see the <u>Thurston</u> <u>Regional Trails Plan</u>

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- Information on the City's Public Art Collection can be found at Public Art.
- In 2017, the Art's Commission helped develop Olympia Crossings. An art plan for City gateways.
- In 2007, the Art's Commission participated in an <u>Arts Center Feasibility</u> <u>Study</u>
- To learn more about the City of Olympia's recreational programs and classes, see <u>Recreation</u>

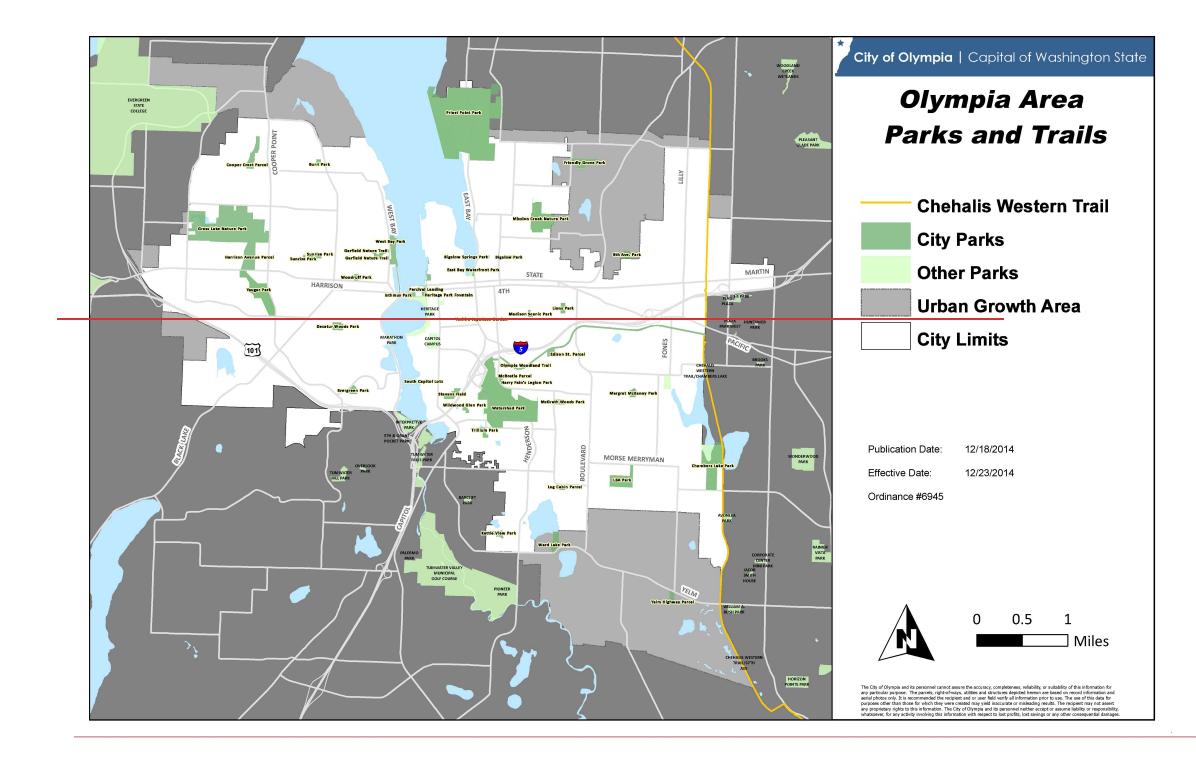
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Commented [SN53]: @Sarah Giannobile Can you provide an updated map? @Laura Keehan



Commented [SG54R53]: @Sylvana Niehuser For sure - what size do we want this map - probably on a 8.5x11 sheet?

Commented [SN55R53]: 8.5x11 would be great!

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