Excerpt from Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill 1923 (<u>HB 1923</u>), Washington State Legislature, 2019

Section 1 of the law amends the Washington State Growth Management Act (RCW 36.70A) to include a list of actions that cities are encouraged to take in order to increase residential building capacity.

To do so, amendments to the city's development regulations would be required. In its referral to the Planning Commission, the City Council has asked for consideration of subsections c, e, and j of Section 1, which are highlighted below.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A city planning pursuant to RCW 36.70A.040 is encouraged to take the following actions in order to increase its residential building capacity:
 - (a) Authorize development in one or more areas of not fewer than five hundred acres that include at least one train station served by commuter rail or light rail with an average of at least fifty residential units per acre that require no more than an average of one on-site parking space per two bedrooms in the portions of multifamily zones that are located within the areas;
 - (b) Authorize development in one or more areas of not fewer than five hundred acres in cities with a population greater than forty thousand or not fewer than two hundred fifty acres in cities with a population less than forty thousand that include at least one bus stop served by scheduled bus service of at least four times per hour for twelve or more hours per day with an average of at least twenty five residential units per acre that require no more than an average of one on-site parking space per two bedrooms in portions of the multifamily zones that are located within the areas;
 - (c) Authorize at least one duplex, triplex, or courtyard apartment on each parcel in one or more zoning districts that permit single-family residences unless a city documents a specific infrastructure of physical constraint that would make this requirement unfeasible for a particular parcel;
 - (d) Authorize cluster zoning or lot size averaging in all zoning districts that permit single-family residences;
 - (e) Authorize attached accessory dwelling units on all parcels containing single-family homes where the lot is at least three thousand two hundred square feet in size, and permit both attached and detached accessory dwelling units on all parcels containing single-family homes, provided lots are at least four thousand three hundred fifty-six square feet in size. Qualifying city ordinances or

regulations may not provide for on-site parking requirements, owner occupancy requirements, or square footage limitations below one thousand square feet for the accessory dwelling unit, and must not prohibit the separate rental or sale of accessory dwelling units and the primary residence. Cities must set applicable impact fees at no more than the projected impact of the accessory dwelling unit. To allow local flexibility, other than these factors, accessory dwelling units may be subject to such regulations, conditions, procedures, and limitations as determined by the local legislative authority, and must follow all applicable state and federal laws and local ordinances;

- (f) Adopt a subarea plan pursuant to RCW 43.21C.420;
- (g) Adopt a planned action pursuant to RCW 43.21C.440(1)(b)(ii), except that an environmental impact statement pursuant to RCW 43.21C.030 is not required for such an action:
- (h) Adopt increases in categorical exemptions pursuant to RCW 36 43.21C.229 for residential or mixed-use development;
- (i) Adopt a form-based code in one or more zoning districts that permit residential uses. "Form-based code" means a land development regulation that uses physical form, rather than separation of use, as the organizing principle for the code;
- (j) Authorize a duplex on each corner lot within all zoning districts that permit singlefamily residences;
- (k) Allow for the division or redivision of land into the maximum number of lots through the short subdivision process provided in chapter 58.17 RCW; and
- (I) Authorize a minimum net density of six dwelling units per acre in all residential zones, where the residential development capacity will increase within the city.